MAR 1952 51-4C

Г

50X1-HUM

CLASSIFICATION  $\underline{c} \cdot \underline{o} \cdot \underline{n} \cdot \underline{F} \cdot \underline{I} - \underline{D} \cdot \underline{E} - \underline{n} \cdot \underline{T} \cdot \underline{I} \cdot \underline{A} \cdot \underline{L}$ 

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY INFORMATION FROM FOREIGN DOCUMENTS OR RADIO BROADCASTS REPORT

COUNTRY

USSR

DATE OF INFORMATION

CD NO.

1954

SUBJECT

Scientific - Medicine, blood transfusion, pathological physiology

HOW

**PUBLISHED** Quarterly periodical DATE DIST. 4

Oct 1954

WHERE

**PUBLISHED** Moscow

NO. OF PAGES

DATE

**PUBLISHED** 

Mar 1954

SUPPLEMENT TO

REPORT NO.

LANGUAGE

Russian

ITS TO ON NECEIPT BY AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON

THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

SOURCE

ARMY

Arkhiv Patologii, Vol 16, No 1, pp 92,93

## I. R. PETROV'S WORK IN FIELDS OF PATHOLOGICAL PHYSIOLOGY AND BLOOD TRANSFUSION

M. K. Danilov, A. A. Zor'kin, Ye. V. Gubler, V. K. Kulagin

I. R. Fetrov, Head of the Chair of Pathological Physiology, Military Medical Academy imeni S. M. Kirov and Corresponding Member of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, reached the age of 60 on 22 September 1953.

Petrov graduated from the Military Medical Academy in 1922. While still a student at the academy, he became greatly interested in pathological physiology. When still a 3d-year student, he was appointed assistant instructor on the staff of the Chair of Pathological Physiology, which was then headed by Academician N. N. Anichkov. Petrov was active as instructor and senior instructor under Anichkov's direction until 1938. In 1939 he was elected Head of the Chair. At the same time, Petrov worked at the Leningrad Institute of Labor Eygiene and Occupational Diseases and at the Leningrad Institute of Blood Transfusion, where he organized the Division of Experimental Pathology which he still heads.

Petrov is the author of more than 140 scientific works, among which are retrov is the author of more than 140 Scientific works, among which are the monographs "Acute Blood Losses and Their Therapy by Means of Liquid Blood Substitutes" (1945), "Shock and Collapse" (1947), "Oxygen Starvation of the Cerebrum" (1949), "The Role of the Nervous System in Oxygen Starvation" (1952), and "Traumatic Shock, Its Fathogenesis, Prophylaxis, and Therapy" (1935). The investigation which forms the subject of the last-mentioned monograph has been conducted by Petrov together with S. I. Banaytis. A number of investigations carried out by Petrov dealt with problems of electrical trauma, the effect of dusts on the organism, problems of cardiovascular pathology, and problems pertaining to the reticuloendothelial system. Twenty-five dissertations have been carried out under Petrov's direction.

50X1-HUM

- 1 -CLASSIFICATION C-O-N-F-I-D-E-N-T-I-A-L NAVY NSRB DISTRIBUTION AIR

50X1-HUM

## $\underline{C-O-N-F-I-D-E-N-T-I-A-L}$

A characteristic trait of Petrov's scientific activity is the applicability of the results of his work from the standpoint of the practical needs of the Soviet public health service and of the military medical service. On the basis of his experimental research on shock, Petrov proposed in 1941 a blood substitute liquid for the comprehensive therapy of traumatic shock. This liquid has been applied extensively during the war, and in the postwar years. Of great theoretical and practical significance is Petrov's work on the effects of electric currents on the organism, the pathogenesis of oxygen starvation, and the principles of therapy to be applied in oxygen starvation.

Petrov pays considerable attention to teaching. He is the editor and one of the authors of "A Manual of Practical Work and of Demonstrations in Pathological Physiology" (1939, 1947).

In addition to his extensive scientific work and teaching, Petrov devotes a great amount of energy to public activities. He has been repeatedly elected a member of the Board of the Leningrad Society of Pathologists and is at present Deputy Chairman of the All-Union Society of Pathophysiologists.

- E N D -

50X1-HUM



